Lecture 21: Speech Data, Forced Alignment

LING 1340/2340: Data Science for Linguists Na-Rae Han

Objectives

Speech data

- Speech corpora, datasets: TIMIT
- PRAAT
- Command-line conversion
- Popular speech data analysis tools
 - Forced aligners

TextGrid

- Praat was able to parse TIMIT's PHN file format (phone tier)
- Saving it out to a proper TextGrid file \rightarrow
- However, Praat couldn't handle:
 - SA1.TXT (utterance tier)
 - SA1.WRD (word tier)
 - ← How to get them into TextGrid?

There's a python library (or two) for that!

praat-textgrids 1.3.1

pip install praat-textgrids

Parselmouth – Praat in Python, the Pythonic way

[ˈ@ʊa.səlˌmaʊθ]

File type = "ooTextFile" Object class = "TextGrid" xmin = 0xmax = 2.92tiers? <exists> size = 2item []: item [1]: class = "IntervalTier" name = "phn" xmin = 0xmax = 2.92intervals: size = 37 intervals [1]: xmin = 0xmax = 0.19062500000000002text = "h#"intervals [2]: xmin = 0.19062500000000002xmax = 0.2849375text = "sh"intervals [3]: xmin = 0.2849375xmax = 0.3576875text = "ix"intervals [4]: xmin = 0.3576875xmax = 0.415125text = "hv" intervals [5]: xmin = 0.415125xmax = 0.54825text = "eh" intervals [6]:

.WAV format?

- Also, even though PRAAT was able to open the .WAV files, Windows 10 cannot...
- These files are not really .WAV...
 - **SPHERE format**, normally with .SPH extension.
- How to convert to WAV?





Solution 1:

Praat script

- Write a praat script
 - (Or, grab someone else's...)

```
# prep audio mfa.praat
# Written by E. Chodroff
# Oct 23 2018
# extract left channel and resample to 16 kHz for all wav files in a director
### CHANGE ME!
# don't forget the slash at the end of the path
dir$ = "/Users/Eleanor/Desktop/align input/"
###
Create Strings as file list: "files", dir$ + "*.wav"
nFiles = Get number of strings
for i from 1 to nFiles
           # read in WAV file
           selectObject: "Strings files"
           filename$ = Get string: i
           Read from file: dir$ + filename$
           # extract left channel
           Extract one channel: 1
           # resample to 16kHz with 50 point precision (default)
           Resample: 16000, 50
           # save WAV file
           Save as WAV file: dir$ + filename$
           # clean up
           select all
           minusObject: "Strings files"
           Remove
endfor
```

Solution 2: SoX + bash shell

- SoX: Sound eXchage
 - https://sourceforge.net/projects/sox/

sox <input-file> -b 16 -t wav <output-file>

```
narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0
$ alias sox="/d/util/sox-14.4.2/sox.exe"
narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0
$ 1s
SA1.PHN SA2.WAV
                    SI1657.PHN SI648.WAV SX217.PHN
                                                     SX307.WAV
                                                               SX397.PHN
SA1.TXT SA2.WRD
                    SI1657.TXT SI648.WRD SX217.TXT SX307.WRD
                                                               SX397.TXT
SA1.WAV SI1027.PHN SI1657.WAV SX127.PHN SX217.WAV SX37.PHN
                                                               SX397.WAV
SA1.WRD SI1027.TXT SI1657.WRD SX127.TXT SX217.WRD SX37.TXT
                                                               SX397.WRD
SA2.PHN SI1027.WAV SI648.PHN
                               SX127.WAV SX307.PHN SX37.WAV
                                                               true_wav/
SA2.TXT SI1027.WRD SI648.TXT
                               SX127.WRD SX307.TXT SX37.WRD
narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0
$ sox SA1.WAV -b 16 -t wav true_wav/SA1.wav
                                                         converting a single file
narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0
$ ls true_wav/
SA1.wav
```

Solution 2: SoX + bash shell

narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0 \$ for x in *WAV > do	for loop in bash!				
<pre>> sox \$x -b 16 -t wav true_wav/\$x > echo \$x finished > done SA1.WAV finished SA2.WAV finished SI1027.WAV finished SI1657.WAV finished SI1657.WAV finished</pre>	<pre>for x in *.WAV do sox \$x -b 16 -t wav true_wav/\$x echo \$x finished done</pre>				
SX127.WAV finished SX127.WAV finished SX307.WAV finished SX37.WAV finished SX397.WAV finished SX397.WAV finished	Declared as x, subsequent references as \$x				
narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0 \$ ls true_wav/ SA1.wav SI1027.WAV SI648.WAV SX217.WAV SA2.WAV SI1657.WAV SX127.WAV SX307.WAV	SX37.WAV SX397.WAV				

Command-line conversion to mp3: with ffmpeg

ffmpeg -i input.wav output.mp3

MINGW64:/c/Users/narae/Desktop/speech/TRAIN-DR1-FCJF0							_		X
narae@T4	80s MINGW64	~/Desktop/sp	eech/TRAIN-D	R1-FCJF0					^
\$]s		,							
SA1.PHN	SA2.TXT	SI1027.WAV	SI1657.WRD	SX127.PHN	SX217.TXT	SX307.WAV	SX37.WRD		
SA1.TXT	SA2.WAV	SI1027.WRD	SI648.PHN	SX127.TXT	SX217.WAV	SX307.WRD	SX397.PHN		
SA1.WAV	SA2.WRD	SI1657.PHN	SI648.TXT	SX127.WAV	SX217.WRD	SX37.PHN	SX397.TXT		
SA1.WRD	SI1027.PHN	SI1657.TXT	SI648.WAV	SX127.WRD	SX307.PHN	SX37.TXT	SX397.WAV		
SA2.PHN	SI1027.TXT	SI1657.WAV	SI648.WRD	SX217.PHN	SX307.TXT	SX37.WAV	sx397.WRD		
narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/speech/TRAIN-DR1-FCJF0 \$ alias ffmpeg='/d/util/ffmpeg-4.3.2-2021-02-02-essentials_build/bin/ffmpeg.exe'									
<pre>narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/speech/TRAIN-DR1-FCJF0 \$ ffmpeg -i SA1.WAV SA1.mp3 ffmpeg version 4.3.2-2021-02-02-essentials_build-www.gyan.dev Copyright (c) 2000-2021 the FFmpe g developers built with gcc 10.2.0 (Rev6. Built by MSYS2 project)</pre>									

Again, how to do this with *every* wav file...?

General-purpose audio/video manipulation

software

- Audacity
 - Open-source audio software



SoX

Sound eXchange; audio format conversion tool

FFmpeg

For recording and converting audio/video data

https://musicinformationretrieval. com/sox and ffmpeg.html

Powerful

command-line tools!!

Popular speech data analysis tools for linguists (1)

Multimodal (audio + video):

ELAN multimodal annotator (Wittenberg et al. 2006)

Some tools are online:

- NORM: the Vowel Normalization and Plotting Suite
- DARLA: Dartmouth Linguistic Automation

← You upload an audio file and a transcript file, the site will process them and email you the results, etc!

Popular speech data analysis tools for linguists (2)

- Forced alignment is a technique to take an orthographic transcription of an audio file and generate a time-aligned version using a pronunciation dictionary to look up phones for words.
- Forced aligners
 - ▶ Penn Phonetics Lab Forced Aligner (Yuan & Liberman 2009) → legacy, became FAVE-align
 - <u>FAVE-align</u> (Rosenfelder et al. 2011)
 - Montreal Forced Aligner (McAuliffe et al. 2017) ← we'll take a look

Wrapping up

- Work on your project!
- Project presentations dates/presenters fixed... check yours!