#### Lecture 22: Forced Aligners, ASR

LING 1340/2340: Data Science for Linguists Na-Rae Han

### Objectives

#### Forced alignment

Montreal Forced Aligner demo

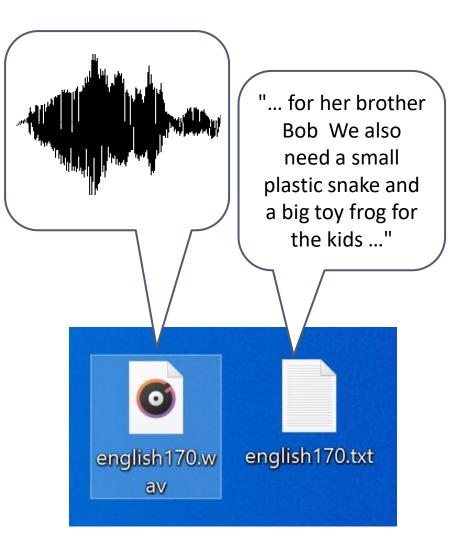
#### ASR!

- ASR demo
- ASR theory

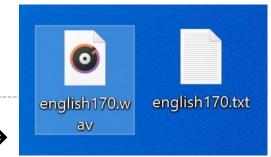
### Forced alignment

- Forced alignment": automatic synchronization of a sequence of phones with an audio file.
- Purpose: speed up manual segmentation and annotation
  - Rather than doing everything manually from scratch, correct output from forced aligner
  - Makes life easier for linguists doing speech-focused research!

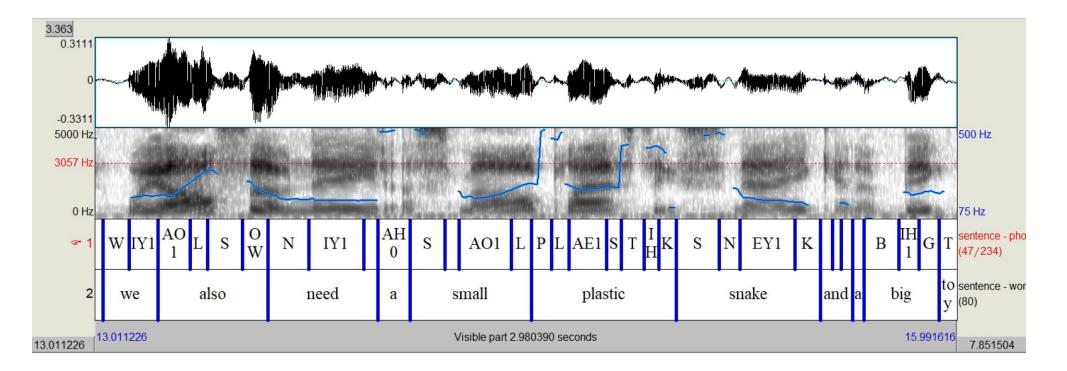
Example speech from the Speech Accent Archive: https://accent.gmu.edu/browse\_language.php?fu nction=detail&speakerid=556



### Forced alignment

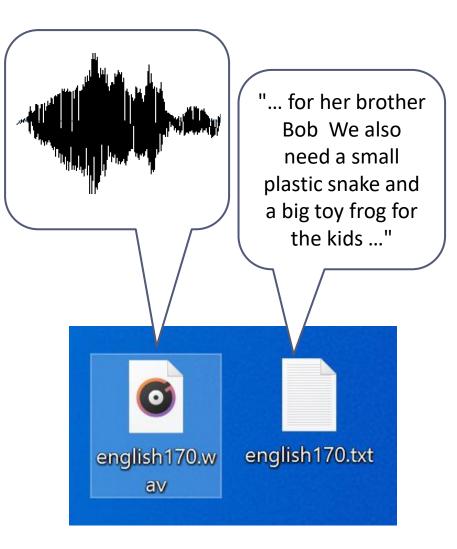


- You have: a speech file (.wav), a transcript file (.txt)  $\rightarrow$
- You want:



### Sound wave, words, phones

- What additional linguistic information is needed?
  - Pronunciation dictionary
    - Phonemic representations for "brother", "we", "also"...
    - More broadly: orthography → phone
       (G2P, "grapheme-to-phoneme")
    - David Mortensen's G2P library "Epitran" <u>https://github.com/dmort27/epitran</u>
  - Acoustic model
    - How phonemic representation relates to sound wave



#### Demo: Montreal Forced Aligner

- Home page:
  - https://montreal-forced-aligner.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
- GitHub project page:
  - https://github.com/MontrealCorpusTools/Montreal-Forced-Aligner

n:n

Builds on popular/standard libraries:

O:ow

- Kaldi ASR toolkit
  - [home] [GitHub repo]
- which builds on OpenFST
  - [<u>home</u>]

# •KALDI

### Steps (latest MFA version 2.0)

#### Install Kaldi, MFA

 Windows users: For ver 2.0, you need WSL (Windows Subsystem for Linux, essentially Linux on Windows!) to use full G2P functionality. Alternatively: install older ver 1.0.1 available here, which is Windows-native.

#### Prepare data to align

- Speech files (WAV format, single-channel)
- Transcript files (.lab or .txt format; no punctuation)

We'll use TIMIT data for demo (pretend it came with audio files and .TXT transcripts only)

- Download language models (pre-trained, MFA offers many)
  - An acoustic model for the language
  - A pronunciation dictionary for the language
    - If not available: produce one by running language-specific G2P (grapheme-to-phoneme) on your transcript files
- Run:
  - mfa align <input-dir> <pron-dict> <acoustic-model> <output-dir>
- New TextGrid files in the output dir! Examine.

### Cleaning transcript files

MINGW64:/c/Users/narae/Desktop/true\_wav

#### narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0

\$ cat \*TXT 0 46797 She had your dark suit in greasy wash water all year. 0 34509 Don't ask me to carry an oily rag like that. 0 49460 Even then, if she took one step forward he could catch her. 0 45466 Or borrow some money from someone and go home by bus? 0 57856 A sailboat may have a bone in her teeth one minute and lie becalmed the next. 0 24679 The emperor had a mean temper. 0 27751 How permanent are their records? 0 23143 The meeting is now adjourned. 0 36250 Critical equipment needs proper maintenance. 0 39220 Tim takes sheila to see movies twice a week.

narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0 \$ perl -npe 's/^\d \d+ //' SA1.TXT She had your dark suit in greasy wash water all year.

narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0
\$ perl -npe 's/^\d \d+ //; s/\.//g;' SA1.TXT
She had your dark suit in greasy wash water all year

Perl + regular expressions to clean up

Initial digits and

narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0
\$ perl -npe 's/^\d \d+ //; s/[\.,\?]//g;' \*.TXT
She had your dark suit in greasy wash water all year
Don't ask me to carry an oily rag like that
Even then if she took one step forward he could catch her
Or borrow some money from someone and go home by bus
A sailboat may have a bone in her teeth one minute and lie becalmed the next
The emperor had a mean temper
How permanent are their records
The meeting is now adjourned
Critical equipment needs proper maintenance
Tim takes Sheila to see movies twice a week

#### narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0

for x in \*TXT do per1 -npe 's/^\d \d+ //; s/[\.,\?]//g;' \$x > ../true\_wav/\$x echo \$x completed done SA1.TXT completed SA2.TXT completed SI1027.TXT completed SI1657.TXT completed SI648.TXT completed SX127.TXT completed SX217.TXT completed SX307.TXT completed SX37.TXT completed SX397.TXT completed narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/FCJF0 \$ cd ../true\_wav/

#### narae@T480s MINGW64 ~/Desktop/true\_wav

\$ ls
sa1.txt sa2.txt si1027.txt si1657.txt si648.txt sx127.txt sx217.txt sx307.txt sx37.txt sx397.txt
sa1.wav sa2.wav si1027.wav si1657.wav si648.wav sx127.wav sx217.wav sx307.wav sx37.wav sx397.wav

#### Use bash for-loop to create cleaned-up version of all .TXT files

 $\square$ 

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### .WAV and .TXT files are now ready...

 $\mathbf{\vee}$ 

### Download language models

- MFA's pre-trained acoustic models:
  - <u>https://mfa-</u> models.readthedocs.io/en/la <u>test/</u>
- MFA's English dictionary:
  - <u>https://github.com/Montreal</u>
     <u>CorpusTools/mfa-</u>
     <u>models/releases/tag/diction</u>
     <u>ary-english\_us\_mfa-v3.0.0</u>

#### **Pretrained acoustic models**

As part of using the Montreal Forced Aligner in our own research, we have trained acoustic models for a number of languages. If you would like to use them, please download them below. Please note the dictionary that they were trained with to see more information about the phone set. When using these with a pronunciation dictionary, the phone sets must be compatible. If the orthography of the language is transparent, it is likely that we have a G2P model that can be used to generate the necessary pronunciation dictionary.

Any of the following acoustic models can be downloaded with the command mfa download acoustic <a href="https://www.sec.instructure.com">https://www.sec.instructure.com</a>. You can get a full list of the currently available acoustic models via mfa download acoustic. New models contributed by users will be periodically added. If you would like to contribute your trained models, please contact Michael McAuliffe at michael.e.mcauliffe@gmail.com.

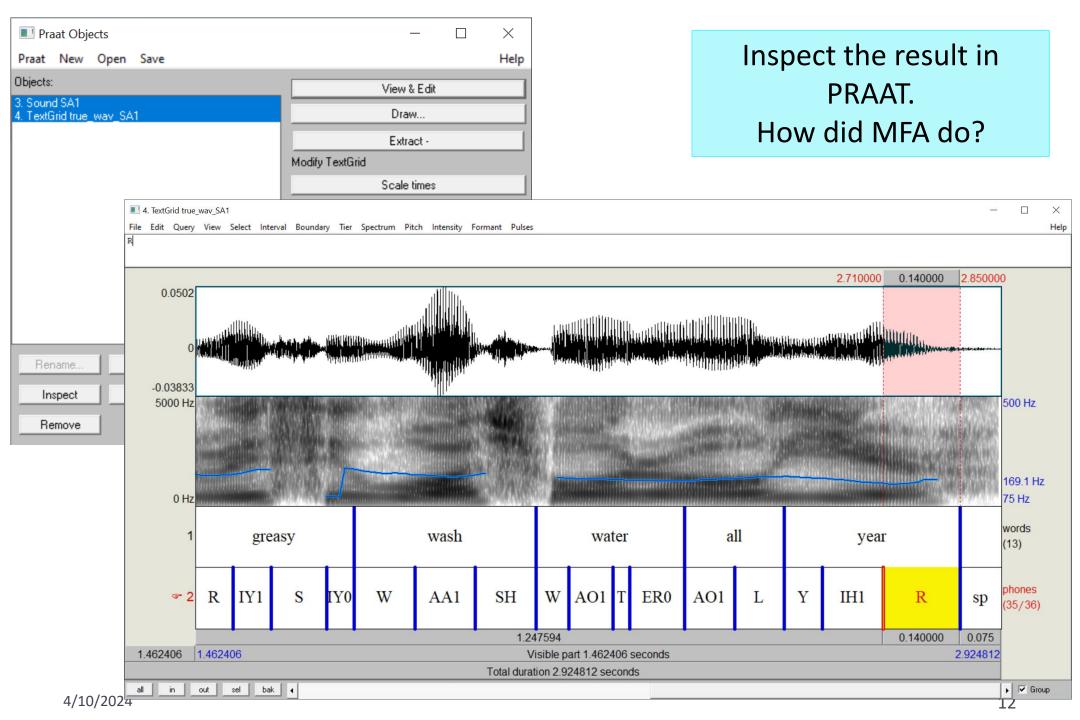
Language	Link	Corpus	Number of speakers	Audio (hours)	Phone set
Arabic	Arabic acoustic model	GlobalPhone	80	19.0	GlobalPhone
Bulgarian	Bulgarian acoustic model	GlobalPhone	79	21.4	GlobalPhone
Croatian	Croatian acoustic model	GlobalPhone	94	15.9	GlobalPhone
Czech	Czech acoustic model	GlobalPhone	102	31.7	GlobalPhone
English	English acoustic model	LibriSpeech	2484	982.3	Arpabet (stressed)
French (FR)	French (FR) acoustic model	GlobalPhone	100	26.9	GlobalPhone

English (US) MFA dictionary v3_0_0	English	US	MFA	CC BY 4.0
English MFA dictionary v2_0_0	English	N/A	MFA	CC BY 4.0
English MFA dictionary v2_0_0a	English	N/A	MFA	CC BY 4.0
English MFA dictionary v2_2_1	English	N/A	MFA	CC BY 4.0

Showing 11 to 20 of 21 entries (filtered from 135 total entries)

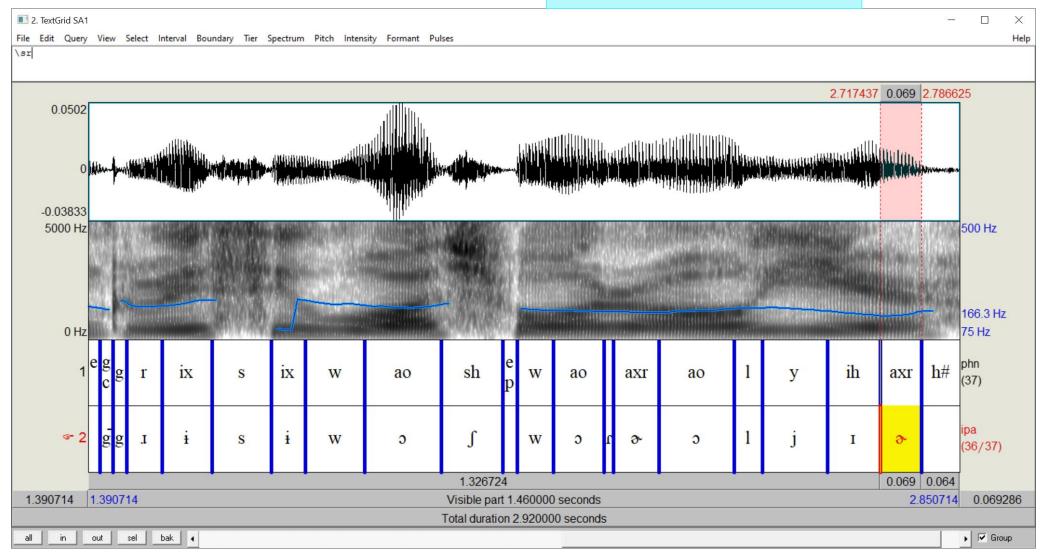
Next

	Using older ver mfa_aligr			
MINGW64:/c/Users/Jane Eyre/Desktop			-	
Jane Eyre@X13-Yoga MINGW64 ~/ \$ montreal-forced-aligner/bin Setting up corpus information Number of speakers in corpus: Creating dictionary informati Setting up training data Calculating MFCCs Calculating CMVN Number of speakers in corpus: Done with setup. 100% ########## 2/2 [00:02<0 Done! Everything took 5.80711 Jane Eyre@X13-Yoga MINGW64 ~/	/mfa_align.exe true 1, average number on 1, average number 0:00, 1.34s/it] 0548019409 seconds	of utterances of utterances	per speaker: 10.0	_out/
\$ ls mfa_out/ oovs_found.txt true_wav/ Jane Eyre@X13-Yoga MINGW64 ~/	Desktop			
\$ ls mfa_out/true_wav/ SA1.TextGrid SI1027.TextGrid SA2.TextGrid SI1657.TextGrid				
Jane Eyre@X13-Yoga MINGW64 ~/ \$	Desktop	New cro	SUCCESS! op of TextGrid files	¥



#### Compare with TIMIT's original SA1.PHN segmentation

## This was human-annotated!



4/10/2024

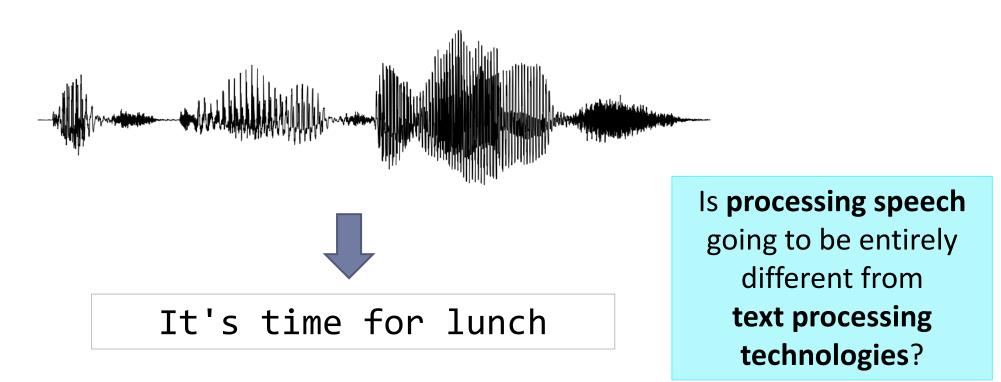
### No transcripts?

- But wait! What if we don't even have a transcript file?
- We can auto-transcribe... ASR!
- ASR demo using SpeechRecognition Python library
  - In Jupyter Notebook

#### SLP, Jurafsky & Martin

### Backing up: ASR

- Forced alignment is based on ASR technology.
- This is NOT an NLP class, but we should at least have some sense of how ASR works...



#### IN WHICH WE SKIM THROUGH BLOG ARTICLES IN LIEU OF PROPER ACADEMIC TEXTBOOK

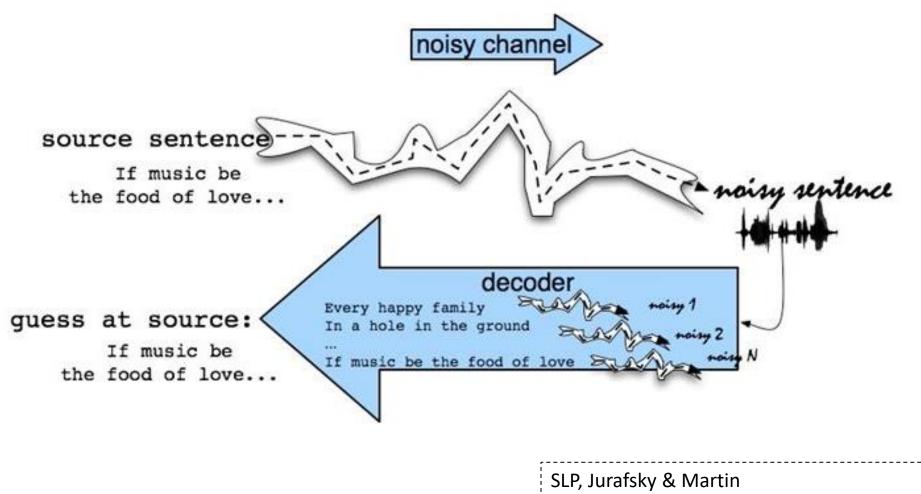
- Proper academic textbook chapter on ASR/TTS:
  - Jurafsky & Martin (2020) Speech and Language Processing Ch. 16 Automatic Speech Recognition and Text-to-Speech
- More accessible:
  - <u>Speech Recognition ASR Model Training</u> (by Jonathan Hui)
  - Introduction to ASR (by Maël Fabien, with IPA!!)

### All the building blocks...

- English:
  - <u>ARPAbet</u>
  - CMU Pronouncing Dictionary
- World languages:
  - G2P (grapheme-to-phoneme)
- HMM (Hidden Markov Model), HTK (HMM ToolKit)
- Kaldi (ASR toolkit, built on HTK)
- Finite-State Transducer (OpenFST)
- N-gram language models

Many of them look familiar... from LING 1330 Intro to CompLing!

#### The Noisy Channel Model



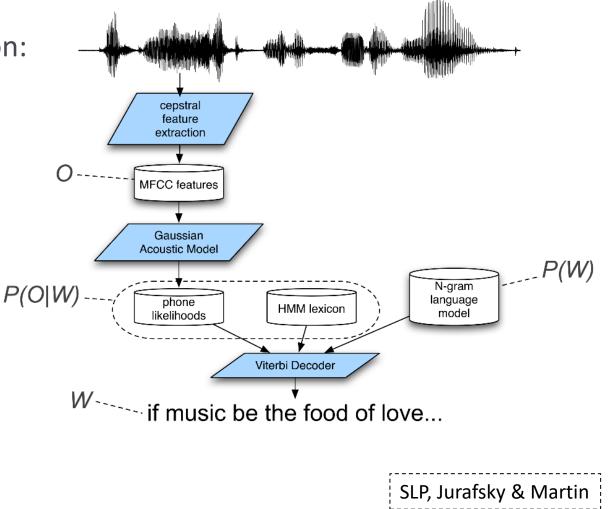
https://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/B.pdf

### Speech recognition architecture (classic)

#### ASR components

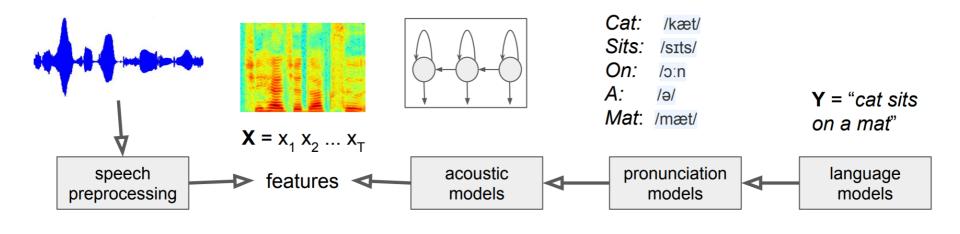
- Lexicons and pronunciation:
  - Hidden Markov Models
- Feature extraction
- Acoustic modeling
- Decoding
- Language modeling:
  - N-gram models
- But: why "classic"?

#### Because **DEEP LEARNING** (what else?)



### Speech recognition architecture (classic)

• Inference: Given audio features  $\mathbf{X} = x_1 x_2 \dots x_T$  infer most likely text sequence  $\mathbf{Y}^* = y_1 y_2 \dots y_L$  that caused the audio features

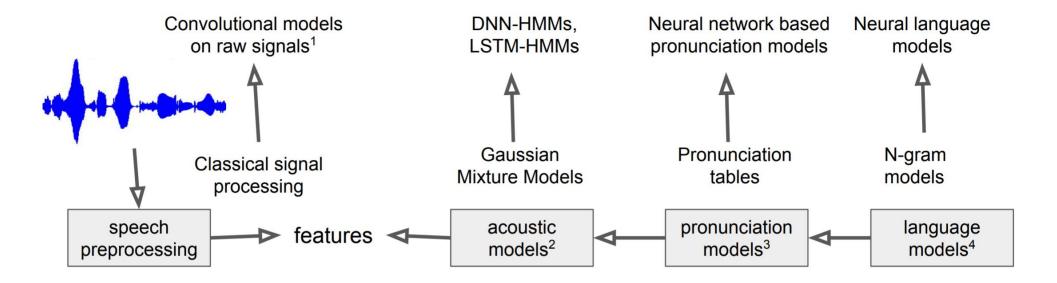


 $\mathbf{Y}^* = \arg \max p(\mathbf{X}|\mathbf{Y}) p(\mathbf{Y})$   $\mathbf{Y}$ 

SLP, Jurafsky & Martin

### Speech recognition architecture (neural net)

• Each of the components seems to be better off with a neural network



SLP, Jurafsky & Martin

### Wrapping up

#### Next class:

• Topic TBD. Maybe Hugging Face...